

11+ Practice Test Answers

11+ English Test 21

Question	Answer	Explanation	Marks
1	adjective	<p>In this sentence, 'tidy' is an adjective because it describes the noun 'bedroom'. Adjectives are words that describe or modify nouns, providing more information about their qualities or characteristics.</p> <p>'Tidy' is not an adverb, as it does not describe the manner in which an action is performed. It is also not a verb, as it does not express an action or state of being. Finally, it is not a preposition, as it does not show the relationship between a noun or pronoun and another word in the sentence.</p>	1
2	my cousin is travelling to paris	<p>The correct answer is 'my cousin is travelling to paris'.</p> <p>In this phrase, 'paris' should be capitalised as it is a proper noun referring to the city of Paris. The correct form should be 'my cousin is travelling to Paris'.</p> <p>The rest of the sentence is punctuated and capitalised correctly:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- 'Have you heard that' is a correct introduction to the sentence.- 'the capital of France' is a correct appositive phrase providing additional information about Paris.- The sentence ends with a question mark, which is appropriate for a question.	1
3	adverb	<p>In this sentence, 'extremely' is an adverb. Adverbs are words that modify or describe verbs, adjectives, or other adverbs.</p> <p>Here, 'extremely' modifies the adjective 'daunting', intensifying its meaning. It tells us to what extent Liam found the prospect of presenting his project daunting.</p> <p>Therefore, 'extremely' functions as an adverb in this sentence.</p>	1
4	reaserch in the	<p>The correct answer is 'reaserch in the'.</p> <p>The word 'reaserch' is misspelt in the sentence. The correct spelling is 'research', with the 'ea' coming before the 's'.</p> <p>All other parts of the sentence are spelt correctly, so the only mistake is in the group of words 'reaserch in the'.</p>	1
6	quickly	<p>The correct answer is 'quickly'.</p> <p>An adverb is a word that modifies or describes a verb, an adjective, or another adverb. In this sentence, 'quickly' is an adverb because it modifies the verb 'ran', telling us how Emma ran to the shop.</p> <p>'Ran' is a verb, 'shop' is a noun, and 'closed' is a verb in this context. Therefore, 'quickly' is the only adverb among the given options.</p>	1

7	The children were excited	<p>The correct answer is 'The children were excited'.</p> <p>The two parts of the sentence should either be separated by a semicolon (;), as they are closely related independent clauses, or a full stop, creating two separate sentences.</p> <p>Therefore, the sentence should read: 'The children were excited; they had been promised a trip to the Natural History Museum in London by their teacher, Mr Jameson.' or 'The children were excited. They had been promised a trip to the Natural History Museum in London by their teacher, Mr Jameson.'</p>	1
8	noticed	<p>"Noticed" is the verb in this sentence because it's the action word showing what Sarah did - it tells us about her action of becoming aware of the improvements in her energy levels.</p>	1
9	subordinating conjunction	<p>In this sentence, 'before' is actually functioning as a subordinating conjunction, not a preposition. It's connecting two clauses ("James had to finish his homework" and "he could go out to play football") and establishing a time relationship between them. When 'before' introduces a dependent clause with its own subject and verb (as it does here), it's functioning as a subordinating conjunction.</p>	1
10	roared	<p>The correct answer is 'roared'.</p> <p>A verb is a word that describes an action, state, or occurrence. In this sentence, 'roared' is the word that describes the action performed by the lion.</p> <p>'Majestic' is an adjective describing the lion, 'lion' is a noun referring to the animal, and 'savannah' is a noun referring to the location or habitat.</p> <p>Therefore, 'roared' is the only verb among the given options in the sentence.</p>	1