## Mathematics tests

YEAR
7 PROGRESS

LEVELS
3-4

## Mark schemes

for Paper 1, Paper 2 and
Mental mathematics


National curriculum assessments

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## Introduction

The test papers will be marked by external markers. The markers will apply the mark schemes in this booklet, which are provided here to inform teachers.

This booklet contains the mark schemes for Paper 1, Paper 2 and the mental mathematics test. Questions have been named so that each one has a unique identifier.

## The structure of the mark schemes for Paper 1 and Paper 2

The marking information for questions in the written tests is set out in the form of tables, which start on page 13 (Paper 1) and page 25 (Paper 2) of this booklet. The two columns on the left-hand side of each table provide a quick reference to the question number, question part and the total number of marks available for that question part.

The Correct response column usually includes two types of information:

- a statement of the requirements for the award of each mark, with an indication of whether credit can be given for correct working, and whether the marks are independent or cumulative
- examples of some different types of correct response, including the most common and the minimum acceptable.

The Additional guidance column indicates alternative acceptable responses, and provides details of specific types of response that are unacceptable. Other guidance, such as when 'follow through' is allowed, is provided as necessary.

Questions with a Using and applying mathematics element are identified in the mark scheme by an encircled $U$ with a number that indicates the significance of using and applying mathematics in answering the question. The $U$ number can be any whole number from 1 to the number of marks in the question.

The 2007 year 7 progress mathematics tests and mark schemes were developed by the Test Development Team at Edexcel.

## General guidance

## Using the mark schemes

Answers that are numerically equivalent or algebraically equivalent are acceptable unless the mark schemes state otherwise.

In order to ensure consistency of marking, the most frequent procedural queries are listed on the following two pages with the prescribed correct action. This is followed by further guidance relating specifically to the marking of questions that involve money, negative numbers, algebra, time or coordinates. Unless otherwise specified in the mark schemes, markers should apply the following guidelines in all cases.

What if ...

| The pupil's response does not match closely any of the examples given. | Markers should use their judgement in deciding whether the response corresponds with the statement of requirements given in the Correct response column. Refer also to the Additional guidance. |
| :---: | :---: |
| The pupil has responded in a non-standard way. | Calculations, formulae and written responses do not have to be set out in any particular format. Pupils may provide evidence in any form as long as its meaning can be understood. Diagrams, symbols or words are acceptable for explanations or for indicating a response. Any correct method of setting out working, however idiosyncratic, is acceptable. Provided there is no ambiguity, condone the continental practice of using a comma for a decimal point. |
| The pupil has made a conceptual error. | In some questions, a method mark is available provided the pupil has made a computational, rather than conceptual, error. A computational error is a 'slip' such as writing $4 \times 6=18$ in an otherwise correct long multiplication. A conceptual error is a more serious misunderstanding of the relevant mathematics; when such an error is seen, no method marks may be awarded. Examples of conceptual errors are: misunderstanding of place value, such as multiplying by 2 rather than 20 when calculating $35 \times 27$; subtracting the smaller value from the larger in calculations such as $45-26$ to give the answer 21; incorrect signs when working with negative numbers. |
| The pupil's accuracy is marginal according to the overlay provided. | Overlays can never be $100 \%$ accurate. However, provided the answer is within, or touches, the boundaries given, the mark(s) should be awarded. |
| The pupil's answer correctly follows through from earlier incorrect work. | Follow through marks may be awarded only when specifically stated in the mark schemes, but should not be allowed if the difficulty level of the question has been lowered. Either the correct response or an acceptable follow through response should be marked as correct. |
| There appears to be a misreading affecting the working. | This is when the pupil misreads the information given in the question and uses different information. If the original intention or difficulty level of the question is not reduced, deduct one mark only. If the original intention or difficulty level is reduced, do not award any marks for the question part. |
| The correct answer is in the wrong place. | Where a pupil has shown understanding of the question, the mark(s) should be given. In particular, where a word or number response is expected, a pupil may meet the requirement by annotating a graph or labelling a diagram elsewhere in the question. |

What if ...

| The final answer is wrong but the correct answer is shown in the working. | Where appropriate, detailed guidance will be given in the mark schemes and must be adhered to. If no guidance is given, markers will need to examine each case to decide whether: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | - the incorrect answer is due to a transcription error $\quad$ If so, award the mark. |
|  | - in questions not testing accuracy, the correct If so, award the mark. <br> answer has been given but then rounded or  <br> truncated  |
|  | - the pupil has continued to give redundant extra working which does not contradict work already done <br> If so, award the mark. |
|  | - the pupil has continued, in the same part of the question, to give redundant extra working which does contradict work already done. <br> If so, do not award the mark. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld. |
| The pupil's answer is correct but the wrong working is seen. | A correct response should always be marked as correct unless the mark schemes state otherwise. |
| The correct response has been crossed or rubbed out and not replaced. | Mark, according to the mark schemes, any legible crossed or rubbed out work that has not been replaced. |
| More than one answer is given. | If all answers given are correct or a range of answers is given, all of which are correct, the mark should be awarded unless prohibited by the mark schemes. If both correct and incorrect responses are given, no mark should be awarded. |
| The answer is correct but, in a later part of the question, the pupil has contradicted this response. | A mark given for one part should not be disallowed for working or answers given in a different part, unless the mark schemes specifically state otherwise. |

## Marking specific types of question

## Responses involving money

For example: £3.20 £7

| Accept $\checkmark$ | Do not accept $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount <br> eg $£ 3.20$ (p), $£ 320, £ 3,20$, 3 pounds 20, f3-20, £3 20 pence, $£ 3: 20$, <br> £7.00 <br> The unit, $£$ or $p$, is usually printed in the answer space. Where the pupil writes an answer outside the answer space with no units, accept responses that are unambiguous when considered alongside the given units eg with $f$ given in the answer space, accept 3.20 <br> 7 or 7.00 <br> Given units amended <br> eg with $£$ crossed out in the answer space, accept 320p 700p | x Incorrect or ambiguous indication of the amount <br> eg $£ 320, f 320$ p or $£ 700$ p <br> x Ambiguous use of units outside the answer space <br> eg with $£$ given in the answer space, do not accept 3.20p outside the answer space <br> x Incorrect placement of decimal points, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0 <br> eg $£ 3.2, £ 3$ 200, $£ 320, £ 3-2-0$ £7.0 |

Responses involving negative numbers
For example: -2

| Accept $\checkmark$ | Do not accept $\boldsymbol{x}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| To avoid penalising the error below <br> more than once within each question, <br> do not award the mark for the first <br> occurrence of the error within each <br> question. Where a question part <br> carries more than one mark, only <br> the final mark should be withheld. <br> $x$Incorrect notation <br> eg 2- |  |

Responses involving the use of algebra
For example: $2+n \quad n+2 \quad 2 n \quad \frac{n}{2} \quad n^{2}$

| Accept $\checkmark$ | Take care ! Do not accept $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Unambiguous use of a different case or variable <br> eg $N$ used for $n$ $x$ used for $n$ | ! Unconventional notation <br> eg $n \times 2$ or $2 \times n$ or $n 2$ <br> or $n+n$ for $2 n$ <br> $n \times n$ for $n^{2}$ <br> $n \div 2$ for $\frac{n}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2} n$ <br> $2+1 n$ for $2+n$ <br> $2+0 n$ for 2 <br> Within a question that demands simplification, do not accept as part of a final answer involving algebra. Accept within a method when awarding partial credit, or within an explanation or general working. <br> - Embedded values given when solving equations <br> eg in solving $3 x+2=32$, $3 \times 10+2=32 \text { for } x=10$ <br> To avoid penalising the two types of error below more than once within each question, do not award the mark for the first occurrence of each type within each question. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld. |
| $\checkmark$ Words used to precede or follow equations or expressions <br> eg $t=n+2$ tiles or tiles $=t=n+2$ for $t=n+2$ | ! Words or units used within equations or expressions <br> eg $n$ tiles +2 $n \mathrm{~cm}+2$ <br> Do not accept on their own. Ignore if accompanying an acceptable response. |
| $\checkmark$ Unambiguous letters used to indicate expressions eg $t=n+2$ for $n+2$ | - Ambiguous letters used to indicate expressions eg $\quad n=n+2$ for $n+2$ |


| Responses involving time <br> A time interval For example: 2 hours 30 mins |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Accept $\checkmark$ | Take care ! Do not accept $\times$ |
| $\checkmark$ Any unambiguous indication eg 2.5 (hours), 2 h 30 <br> $\checkmark$ Digital electronic time ie 2:30 | x Incorrect or ambiguous time interval <br> eg $2.3(\mathrm{~h}), 2.30,2-30,2 \mathrm{~h} 3$, <br> 2.30 min <br> ! The unit, hours and/or minutes, is usually printed in the answer space. Where the pupil writes an answer outside the answer space, or crosses out the given unit, accept answers with correct units, unless the question has specifically asked for other units to be used. |
| A specific time For example: 8:40am | 17:20 |
| Accept $\checkmark$ | Do not accept $x$ |
| $\checkmark$ Any unambiguous, correct indication eg 08.40, 8.40, 8:40, 0840, 840 , $8-40$, twenty to nine, 8,40 <br> $\checkmark$ Unambiguous change to 12 or 24 hour clock <br> eg 17:20 as $5: 20 \mathrm{pm}, 17: 20 \mathrm{pm}$ | Incorrect time <br> eg $8.4 \mathrm{am}, 8.40 \mathrm{pm}$ <br> $\mathbf{x}$ Incorrect placement of separators, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0 <br> eg $840,8: 4: 0,084,84$ |

## Responses involving coordinates

For example: (5,7)

| Accept $\checkmark$ | Do not accept $x$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Unconventional notation eg ( 05,07 ) ( five, seven ) $\left.\begin{array}{c}x \\ (5, ~ \\ 7 \\ 5\end{array}\right)$ $(x=5, y=7)$ | x Incorrect or ambiguous notation <br> eg $(7,5)$ <br> $\left(\begin{array}{ll}y & x \\ (7,5)\end{array}\right.$ <br> ( $5 x, 7 y$ ) <br> $\left(5^{x}, 7^{y}\right)$ <br> $(x-5, y-7)$ |

## Recording marks awarded on the test paper

All questions, even those not attempted by the pupil, will be marked with a 1 or a 0 entered in each marking space. Where 2 m can be split into 1 m gained and 1 m lost, with no explicit order, then this will be recorded by the marker as 1

The total marks awarded for a double page will be written in the box at the bottom of the right-hand page, and the total number of marks obtained on the paper will be recorded on the front of the test paper.

A total of 100 marks is available ( 40 from Paper 1, 40 from Paper 2 and 20 from the mental mathematics test).

## Awarding levels

The sum of the marks gained on Paper 1, Paper 2 and the mental mathematics paper determines the level awarded. Level threshold tables, which show the mark ranges for the award of different levels, will be available on the NAA website www.naa.org.uk/tests from Monday 25 June 2007. NAA will also send a copy to each school in July 2007.

Schools will be notified of pupils' results by means of a marksheet, which will be returned to schools by the external marking agency with the pupils' marked scripts. The marksheet will include pupils' scores on the test papers and the levels awarded.

## BLANK PAGE

## Mark scheme for Paper 1

| Question |  |  | Recycling |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | 3 |  |
| b | 1m | Supermarket C | $\checkmark$ Unambiguous indication eg, for part (b) - C |
| c | 1m | Supermarket A |  |


| Question | Three numbers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | 40 |  |
| b | 1 m | 18 |  |
| c | 1m | Shows a calculation that uses all three numbers to give an answer of 10 <br> eg <br> - $25-(7+8)$ <br> - 25-7-8 <br> - 25 <br> -7 <br> $\frac{-8}{\underline{10}}$ <br> - $25-7=18$ <br> 18-8 | $\checkmark$ Minimally acceptable calculation that is completed using more than one step eg <br> - 7 and 8 add to 15 , then $25-15$ <br> - 7 and 8 , then take it away from 25 <br> Value(s) used more than once <br> Condone provided the calculation is correct and gives an answer of 10 <br> eg <br> - $25-(8+8-7 \div 7)=10$ <br> ! Other numerical examples given alongside a correct response <br> Ignore even if incorrect <br> ! Poor layout of calculation <br> As this is a level 3 mark, condone provided the pupil's intention is clear <br> eg, accept <br> - $25-8=17-7=10$ <br> - 25 <br> 7 <br> $\frac{-8}{\underline{10}}$ <br> $\times$ Calculation is correct, but the answer of 10 is embedded <br> eg <br> - $7+8=15$ <br> $15+10=25$ <br> $\times$ Incomplete or incorrect calculation <br> eg <br> - 18-8 <br> - 17-7 <br> - 25-15 <br> - 25 <br> 7 <br> $\frac{8}{10}$ <br> - $25-7+8$ <br> - $7+8=15$ $15-25=10$ <br> - 7 and 8 , then take away 25 <br> - $25-7-8=18$ (error) |


| Question |  |  | Fruit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | (U1) | 20p |  |
| b | 1m | 6 | ! Reference to remainder <br> Condone reference to the correct amount of money left over <br> eg, accept <br> - 6 and 10 p left over <br> - 6 r 10 <br> eg, do not accept <br> - 6.(...) <br> - 6 and 6 p left over |


| Question | Sequence |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1 m | Gives 30 in the top row |  |
|  | 1 m | Gives 19 in the bottom row |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cakes |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1 m | 16 |  |


| Question |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 6 |  | Correct response | Calculations |
|  | 1 m | 409 |  |
|  | 1 m | 73 |  |
| 1 m | 370 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | True or false |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1m | Makes all three correct decisions, ie | ! Other indication <br> Accept any unambiguous indication but do not accept blanks for false |


| Question |  |  | How much bigger? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m <br> (U1) | 4 | $\times$ Incomplete processing eg, for part (a) <br> - 47-43 <br> eg, for part (b) <br> - $1 \times 9$ <br> - One more 9 |
| b | 1m <br> (U1) | 9 |  |



| Question |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 10 |  | Correct response | Vertices |
| a | 1 m | 6 |  |
| b | 1 m | Indicates only the correct shape, ie |  |


| Question | Which number? |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m <br> (U1) | Indicates 68 and gives a correct explanation eg <br> - 68 is 32 away but 133 is 33 away <br> - 100-68 is 1 less than 133-100 <br> - You count 3 tens away from 100, then 3 units more for 133, but only 2 units more for 68 <br> - 133 is 33 away from 100 and $68+33=101$, so 68 must be closer <br> - $133-68=65$, and 33 is more than half of 65 | $\checkmark$ Minimally acceptable explanation <br> eg <br> - 32 seen <br> - 1 closer <br> - 1 less <br> - 1 out <br> - By 1 <br> - $133-100=33,68+33=101$ <br> - 33 is more than half of 65 <br> - 32 is less than half of 65 <br> ! Incorrect mathematical statement alongside <br> a correct response <br> Condone <br> $\times$ Incomplete explanation <br> eg <br> - 33 is a bigger gap than the other one <br> - 100-68 is less than 133-100 <br> - 68 is closer |
| b | 1 m | Indicates the correct number, ie |  |
| c | 1 m | Indicates the correct number, ie <br> 1.4 <br> 0 <br> 1.65 |  |


| Question | Street lights |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | Belfast | $\checkmark$ Unambiguous indication eg - B |
| b | 1m | 10 |  |
| c | 1 m | 5:50 | $\checkmark$ Indication of am repeated eg <br> - 5:50am <br> - 05:50 |


| Question |  |  | Write a number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | Gives a number that is both greater than 10 and a multiple of 4 eg <br> - 12 <br> - 16 <br> - 40 <br> - 140 |  |
| b | 1m | Gives a number that is both greater than 10 and a square number eg <br> - 16 <br> - 25 <br> - 100 |  |


| Question | Temperature chart |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1 m | 38.5 or equivalent |  |
| b | 1 m | Indicates the point (16, 36.7 ) on the graph correctly | $\checkmark$ Unambiguous indication eg <br> - Correct point indicated by the top of a vertical line and/or the end of a horizontal line <br> ! Inaccurate indication <br> Accept provided the point marked is closer to $(16,36.7)$ than any other grid intersection <br> ! Joins point to the rest of the graph Ignore even if incorrect or using a solid line <br> ! Joins point(s) to the $x$ - or $y$-axis with a line Ignore |


| Question |  |  |  | Pets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |  |
| a | 1m | 55 |  |  |
| b | 1 m | 5 | $\times$ Incorrect use of \% sign eg $\text { - } 5 \%$ |  |


| Question | Right angles |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | Indicates the right angle on the shape eg | $\checkmark$ Unambiguous indication <br> ! Extra line(s) added to shape to create additional right angle(s) Ignore alongside a correct response but do not accept alone eg, accept <br> $\times$ Incorrect angle labelled as a right angle |
| b | 1m | Draws a shape that has exactly two right angles eg <br> - | Lines not ruled or accurate <br> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear <br> ! Right angles marked <br> Ignore, even if incorrect or ambiguous <br> ! Shape with exterior right angle(s) <br> Ignore exterior right angles and count only interior right angles towards the correct total of two <br> eg, accept <br> eg, do not accept <br> * Shape with more than two right angles eg |


| Question |  |  | Number sequence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1 m <br> (U1) | Gives all three correct numbers in the correct order, ie <br> 11 <br> 15 |  |



| Question | Symmetry |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1m | Draws a shape using 5 square tiles with more than one line of symmetry eg <br> - | ! Squares not shaded <br> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear <br> ! Line(s) of symmetry drawn <br> Ignore, even if incorrect <br> ! Pattern drawn with squares not joined side to side <br> Condone providing the pattern has more than one line of symmetry <br> eg, accept <br> * Pattern uses part-squares |


| Question | Weighing a dog |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1 m | 15.6 or equivalent |  |
|  | U1 |  |  |

## Mark scheme for Paper 2



| Question |  |  | Finding fractions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1m | $\frac{1}{2}$ or equivalent fraction | $\times$ Equivalent decimals or percentages |


| Question | Museum |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | Rounds all four numbers correctly, ie $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 600 \\ & 300 \\ & 400 \end{aligned}$ | ! Part (a) omitted, but part (b) completed correctly with rounded values Award the mark for part (a) |
| b | $2 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> or $1 \mathrm{~m}$ | Completes all four bars correctly, ie <br> Completes at least two bars correctly <br> or <br> Completes all four bars correctly using the given values from the table in part (a) | $\checkmark$ For 2m, bars not shaded <br> ! For $2 m$ or 1m, follow through from part (a) Accept correct bars using their (non-zero) values from the table in part (a) provided the pupil's intention is clear <br> ! Bars not of correct width, or not ruled/accurate <br> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear, and the heights of the bars are clearly marked <br> ! Additional bars indicated <br> For 2 m or 1 m , accept only if unambiguous eg, do not accept |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question \& \& \& Measures <br>
\hline 4 \& \& Correct response \& Additional guidance <br>
\hline a \& 1m \& Indicates 2 metres, ie \& <br>
\hline b \& 1m \& Indicates 14 centimetres, ie

14 centimetres \& <br>
\hline c \& 1 m \& Indicates 64 kilometres, ie

64 kilometres \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question | Thermometer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | 5 |  |
| b | 1m | Indicates -4 on the scale | ! Inaccurate indication <br> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear <br> ! Shading incorrect or omitted Condone provided the correct value is clearly indicated on the scale Where an additional value is also indicated, accept only if this value is 3 <br> eg, accept |


| Question | Number grid |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 6 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1 m | 30 |  |
| b | 1 m | 65 |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Cake mix |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | Indicates 275 ml correctly on the scale, ie | ! Inaccurate indication <br> Accept provided their indication is within 2 mm of the correct marker |
| b | 1 m | 750 |  |
| c | 1m | 5:30 | ! Indication of pm repeated eg - 17:30 <br> Condone |


| Question | Number line |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8}$ |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1 m | 7.2 or equivalent |  |



| Question | Multiplying |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | 24 |  |
| b | 1m <br> (U1) | Gives two numbers greater than 10 with a product of 312 <br> eg <br> - $26 \times 12$ <br> - $13 \times 24$ <br> - $15 \times 20.8$ <br> - $20 \times 15.6$ | $\checkmark$ Fractions or decimals <br> ! Value(s) rounded <br> Condone values rounded or truncated to at least 1 decimal place eg, accept $\text { - } 11 \times 28.3(\ldots)(\text { or } 28.4)$ |



| Question | Triangle |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1 m | $7.5 \pm 0.2$ | $\checkmark$ Equivalent fractions or decimals |
| b | 1 m | $40 \pm 2$ |  |


| Question |  |  | Fraction wall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1m <br> 1m <br> 1m | Gives the correct numerator, ie <br> Gives the correct numerator, ie <br> Gives the correct numerator, ie |  |


| Question | Hexagon tiles |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
| a | 1m | 10 |  |
| b | 1 m | Indicates A and gives a correct explanation <br> The most common correct explanations: <br> Compare the perimeters of A and B eg <br> - A's perimeter is 12 cm , but B's is 14 cm <br> - A's perimeter is 2 less than B's <br> - A has 12 vertices, $B$ has 14 vertices <br> Show or imply the difference in the number of touching edges <br> eg <br> - In A, 6 sides are on the inside but B only has 4 <br> - 3 sides meet in A but only 2 in B <br> - In A all three shapes have 2 meeting sides, but in B only two shapes have 1 meeting side <br> - A has 1 more pair of touching sides <br> - 2 more sides are hidden for A <br> - They are both made of 3 hexagons, but A is more compact and $B$ is more stretched out | $\checkmark$ Minimally acceptable explanation eg <br> - 12,14 <br> - 18-6, 18 - 4 <br> - 2 less <br> - A has 9 corners sticking out, B has 10 <br> ! Incorrect units given <br> Ignore <br> $\times$ Incomplete or incorrect explanation <br> eg <br> - A is 12 <br> - A is less than B <br> - I counted them and A has a smaller perimeter <br> - A is 12 but B is 15 <br> - I counted the edges <br> - I measured the lines <br> - B has more sides <br> $\checkmark$ Minimally acceptable explanation <br> eg <br> - More sides are together <br> - 6 in A and 4 in B <br> - A has 3 lines and B has 2 lines <br> - I counted the touching edges <br> - It is fatter <br> - More bunched up <br> - B is more spread out <br> - B is longer (or thinner) <br> $\times$ Incomplete or incorrect explanation <br> eg <br> - In A, 6 sides are on the inside <br> - 6 sides meet in A but only 2 in B <br> - Shape A looks smaller than shape B <br> - Shape A has more edges missing |


| Question | Starlings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ |  | Correct response |  |
| a | 1 m | 9 |  |
| b | 1 m | 5 |  |
| c | 1 m | 5 |  |


| Question |  |  | Making 678 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | or <br> 1m | Gives both correct values, ie <br> Gives the value 228 <br> or <br> Makes an error in calculating 228 but follows through correctly so that their two values have a sum of 592 |  |


| Question | Spinner |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 1 m | Gives one odd number and three even numbers in the blank sections of the spinner eg <br> - | $\checkmark$ Negative odd and even numbers <br> $\checkmark$ Zero as an even number <br> $\times$ Section(s) of the spinner left blank |


| Question | Shampoo |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 |  | Correct response | Additional guidance |
|  | 2m <br> or <br> 1m <br> (U1) | $£ 1.56$ <br> Shows the digits 156 <br> or <br> Shows the values 2.78 or 278 and 4.34 or 434 <br> or <br> Shows the value 3.44 or 344 <br> or <br> Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational error eg <br> - $(5-0.66)-(1.99+0.79)$ <br> - $£ 1.99+79$ p +66 p $=£ 3.45$ (error) <br> $£ 5-£ 3.45=£ 1.55$ | Inconsistent units <br> Within an otherwise correct method, condone eg, for 1 m accept <br> - $(5-66)-(1.99+79)$ |



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## Transcript and mark scheme for the mental mathematics test

## General guidance for markers

Please note that pupils should not be penalised if they record any information given in the question or show their working. Ignore any annotation, even if in the answer space, and mark only the answer. Accept an unambiguous answer written in the stimulus box, or elsewhere on the page but clearly attributable to the relevant question.

General guidance for marking the written tests (pages 5-11) also applies to marking the mental mathematics test. In addition, please apply the following principles unless specific instructions to the contrary are given in the mark scheme:

- accept responses in words and/or figures, eg 7 point 3, 4 hundred
- accept any unambiguous indication of the correct response from a given list, eg circling, ticking, underlining
- accept unambiguous misspellings
- accept units that have been correctly converted to a different unit provided the new unit is indicated. Where units have been given on the answer sheet, do not penalise pupils for writing the units again
- accept responses with commas as spacers, eg 50,000
but do not accept a point used as a spacer, eg 50.000
Pupil answer sheet



## Test questions

'Now we are ready to start the test.

| 1 | Write in figures the number four hundred and seven. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | What is twenty-one divided by three? |
| 3 | Subtract nineteen from forty-one. |
| 4 | Look at the equation on your answer sheet. <br> What is the value of $n ?$ |
| 5 | How many millimetres are there in six centimetres? |
| 6 | What is eight multiplied by seven? |

[^0]'Now turn over your answer sheet.'


| 11 | A pattern is made from red, blue and green squares. <br> Thirty-five per cent of the squares are red. <br> Twenty-five per cent of the squares are blue. <br> What percentage of the squares are green? |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12 | The sequence of numbers on your answer sheet goes up in steps of one hundred. <br> Write down the next two numbers in the sequence. |
| 13 | Look at the numbers on your answer sheet. <br> What number is the mode? |
| 14 | What number is halfway between twenty and thirty-two? |
| 15 | Multiply five by seven and add nine. <br> and |
| 16 | If the tenth of October is a Wednesday, what day of the week is <br> the nineteenth of October? |
| 17 | I buy two drinks at eighty pence each. <br> I pay with a five pound note. <br> How much change should I get? |
| 18 | Look at the shaded square drawn on the grid. <br> On the grid, draw a different rectangle that has the same area as the square. |
| 20 | Aten then will have 15 seconds to work out each answer <br> It finished after one hundred and ten minutes. <br> At what time did the tennis match finish? <br> How many pupils scored more than half marks? |

'Put your pens down. The test is finished.'

Year 7 progress test in mathematics 2007 Mental mathematics

## Mark scheme

Time: 5 seconds

| 1 | 407 | Do not accept responses <br> given in words |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 2 | 7 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 3 | 22 |  |
|  |  |  |
| 4 | 9 | Accept embedded values, eg $15-9=6$ Do not accept -9 |


| $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | Accept correct lines of <br> symmetry drawn on <br> the shape provided <br> unambiguous |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 5 | 60 mm | Do not accept <br> amended units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 6 | 56 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 10 | 7 circles | Accept 7 circles drawn |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Time: 10 seconds continued

| 11 | $\mathbf{4 0} \%$ | Do not accept equivalent <br> fractions or decimals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 12 | 3908 and <br> 4008 | Accept pair in <br> either order |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 13 | 1 | Accept value(s) <br> indicated in list |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Time: 15 seconds continued

18 Any rectangle (except a 2 by 2 square) with an area of 4 units, eg


Accept correct rectangles using the edge of the grid as one or two of their sides

| 19 | $3: 50 \mathrm{pm}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$20 \quad 18$ pupils

Time: 15 seconds

| 15 | 44 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 16 | Friday | Accept any unambiguous <br> indication, eg $F$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 17 | $£ 3.40$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Qualifications and Curriculum Authority


[^0]:    'For the next group of questions you will have 10 seconds to work out each answer and write it down.'

    | 7 | The table on your answer sheet shows the colours of some people's hair and eyes. <br> Which person has brown hair and green eyes? |
    | :---: | :--- |
    | 8 | Add together seventy, ninety and thirty. |
    | 9 | Look at the shape drawn on the square grid. <br> How many lines of symmetry does it have? |
    | 10 | In a pictogram, one circle represents four people. <br> How many circles will represent twenty-eight people? |

