

# SCIENCE

KEY STAGE 2 2005

TEST B

LEVELS

3-5

PAGE	MARKS
5	
7	
9	
11	
13	
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17	
19	
TOTAL	
Borderline Check	



## TEST B

First Name

Last Name

School



# INSTRUCTIONS

Read this carefully.

You have **45 minutes** for this test.

## Answers



This shows where you will need to put your answer.

For some questions you may need to draw an answer instead of writing one.

Some questions may have a box like this for you to write down your thoughts and ideas.

A large, empty rounded rectangular box intended for writing or drawing answers.



1

The heart

- (a) Denise uses a stethoscope. She listens to Joe’s heartbeat before Joe exercises.



As soon as Joe stops exercising, Denise listens again. Joe’s heartbeat is louder.

Describe one other change in Joe’s heartbeat straight after exercise compared with before exercise.



.....

1a  
1 mark

- (b) Denise and Joe collect information from four adults. The table shows what they find out.

Adult	Exercises regularly	Eats a balanced diet	Smokes regularly	Cleans teeth regularly
A	x	x	✓	x
B	✓	✓	x	x
C	✓	✓	x	✓
D	✓	x	✓	✓

Which **TWO** adults are most likely to have healthy hearts?

Write **A, B, C,** or **D.**



..... and .....

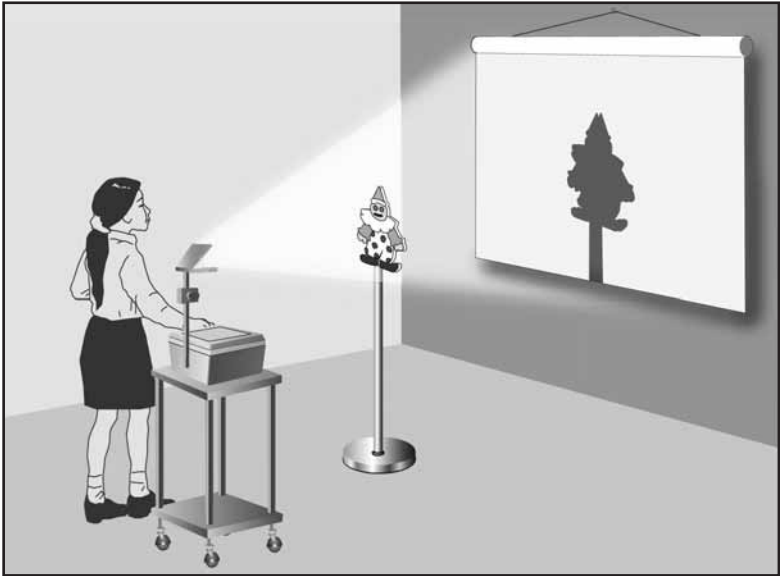
1b  
1 mark



2

Shadows

- (a) Lucy makes a shadow of a puppet on a screen. She investigates how changing the distance of the light from the puppet affects the size of the shadow.



What equipment should she use to measure the distance of the light from the puppet?


2a  
1 mark

 .....

- (b) What unit of measurement should she use to measure the distance of the light from the puppet?

2b  
1 mark

Tick **ONE** box.

 g  °C  cm  km  N

(c) What factor should she change as she carries out her test?

Tick **ONE** box.



where the children sit

colour of the screen

brightness of the light

position of the light

position of the screen

the size of the puppet

1 mark

2c

(d) What factor should she measure to collect her results?

Tick **ONE** box.



The height of the...

light

shadow

table

puppet

screen

reflection

1 mark

2d

(e) What factors must she keep the same as she carries out her test?

Tick **THREE** boxes.



where the children sit

colour of the screen

position of the puppet

position of the light

position of the screen

size of the puppet

1 mark

2ei

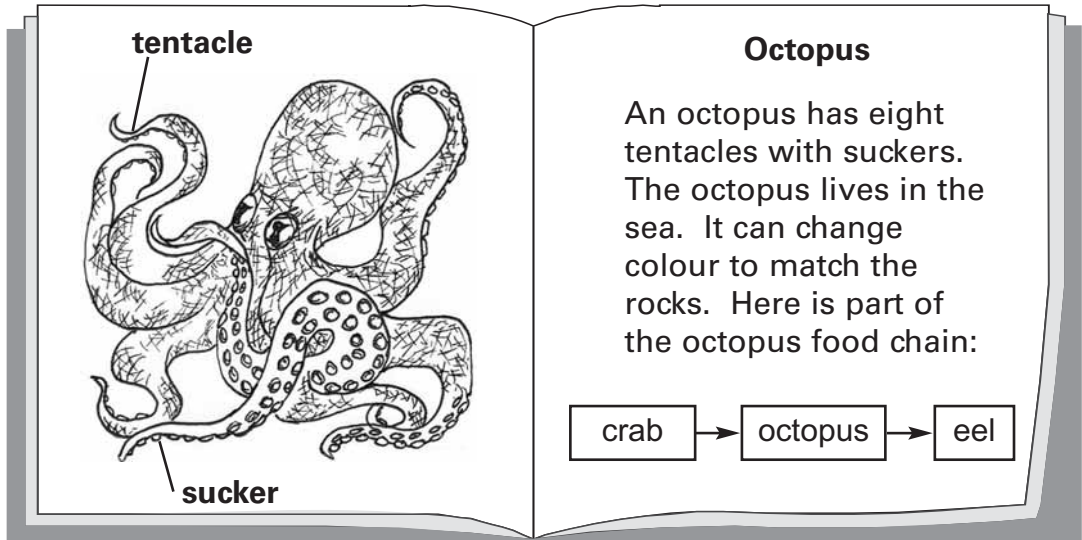
1 mark

2eii

3

Animals

(a) Some children are reading a book about an octopus.



Some animals have sharp claws to catch hold of their prey.

Which feature of the octopus helps it to catch hold of its prey?  
Use the book to help you.

3a  
1 mark

 .....

(b) How does changing colour to match the rocks help the octopus to **protect** itself?

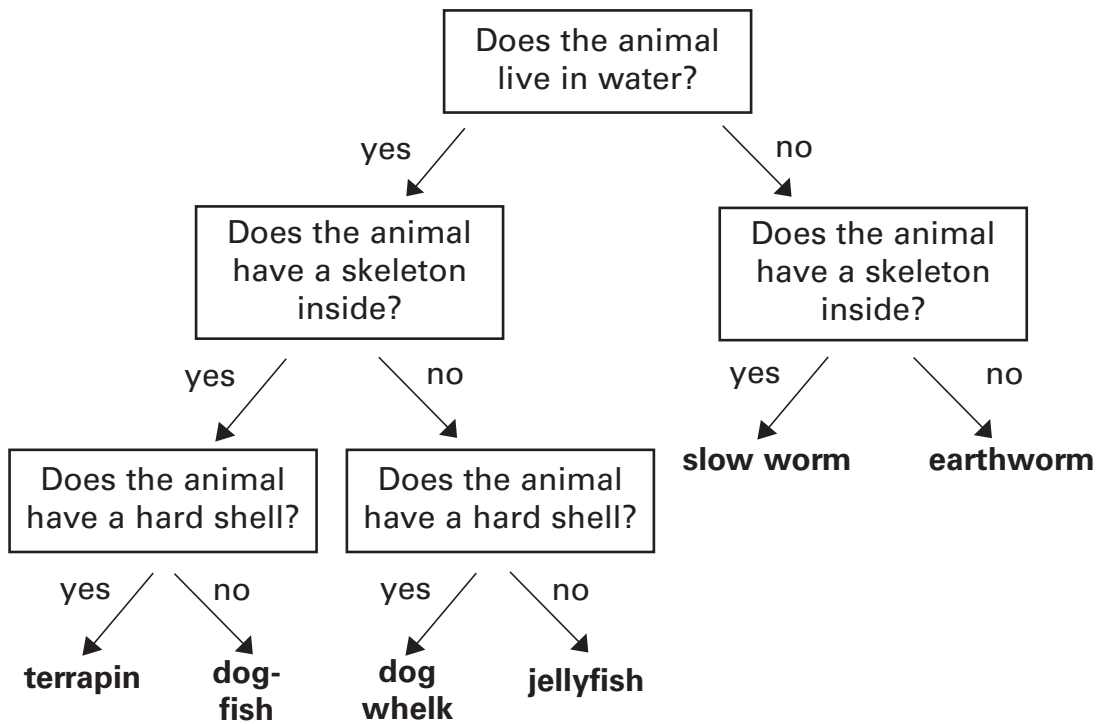
3b  
1 mark

 .....

.....



(c) The key below can be used to identify some animals.



Use the information in the key to help you circle the animals in the box below that **do not** have a skeleton inside their bodies.



Circle all the correct answers.

terrapiin	dogfish	dogwhelk
jellyfish	slow worm	earthworm

3ci  
1 mark

3cii  
1 mark

(d) Use the key to write **three** facts about a terrapiin.



1. ....
2. ....
3. ....

3di  
1 mark

3dii  
1 mark



## 4

## Solids, liquids and gases

- (a) Kenny writes 5 statements about materials.

Kenny's statements

- A) Cotton wool is a solid. It feels soft on my skin.  
 B) Salt is a solid. I can pour it.  
 C) I can see that my water bottle is half full.  
 D) The wooden table feels hard.  
 E) I can smell the meat cooking.

How has Kenny collected this information?

Tick **ONE** box.



by fair testing

by observing

by measuring

by modelling

1 mark

4a

- (b) Some of Kenny's friends describe their ideas about solids, liquids and gases.



Sally

Only liquids can be poured.

Which of Kenny's statements can be used to argue against Sally's idea?

Tick **ONE** box.



A

B

C

D

E

1 mark

4b

(c)



Some gases smell.

Jo

Which of Kenny's statements can be used to support Jo's idea?

Tick **ONE** box.



A

B

C

D

E

4c  
1 mark

(d)



Solids are always hard.

Paul

Look at Paul's idea and Kenny's statements.

(i) Do you agree with Paul's idea?

Tick **ONE** box.



Agree

Do **not** agree

(ii) Explain your reasoning.



.....  
.....  
.....

4d  
1 mark

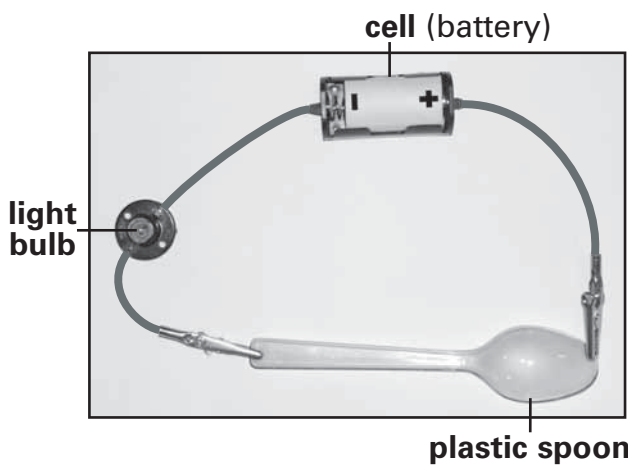
**5**

**Electricity**

- (a) Shana builds the three circuits below. All the equipment works. The bulbs in the circuits are **not** lit up.

Complete each sentence to explain why the bulb has **not** lit in each circuit.

1 mark 5ai

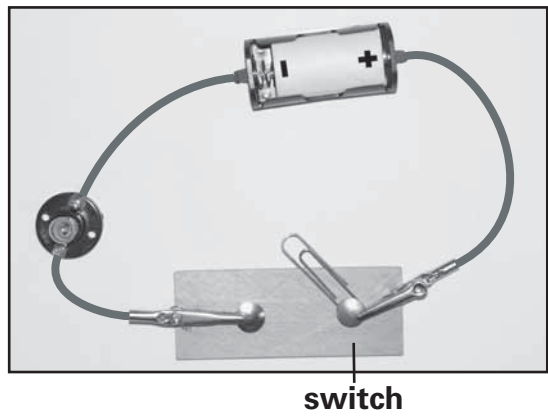


The bulb has **not** lit because the plastic spoon .....

.....

.....

1 mark 5aii

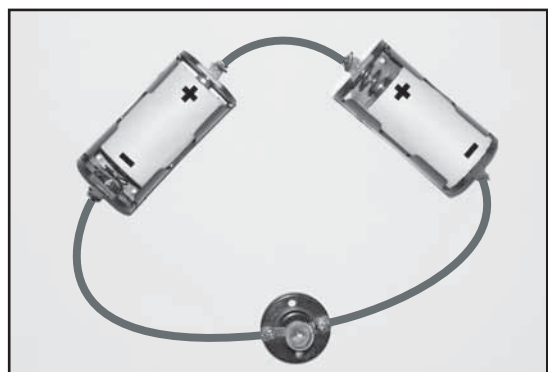


The bulb has **not** lit because .....

.....

.....

1 mark 5aiii

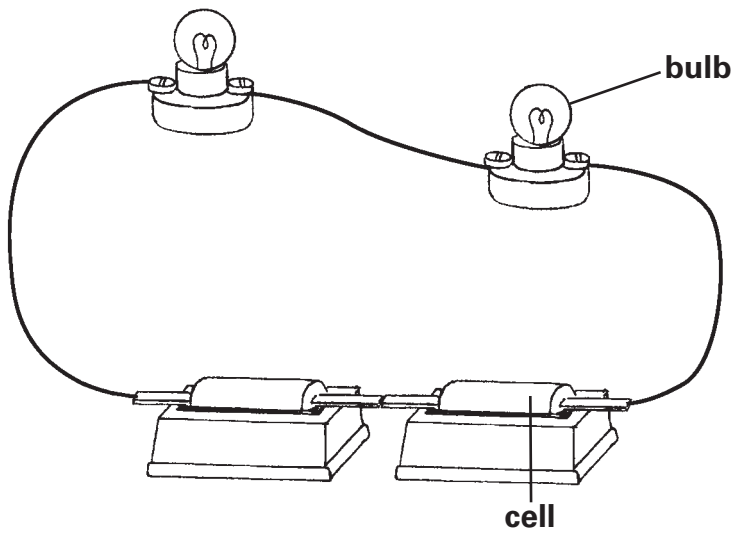


The bulb has **not** lit because .....

.....

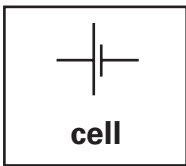
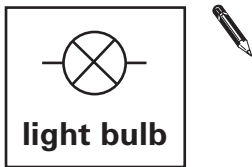
.....

(b) Andy builds the circuit below. The bulbs **do** light up.



Draw a circuit diagram for Andy's circuit in the space below.

Use these symbols in your circuit diagram:



5b  
1 mark

(c) Andy wants to change his circuit so that the **two** bulbs are brighter. He can use any other equipment.

Suggest **TWO** ways Andy can make his **two** bulbs brighter.

1. ....
2. ....

5ci  
1 mark

5cii  
1 mark

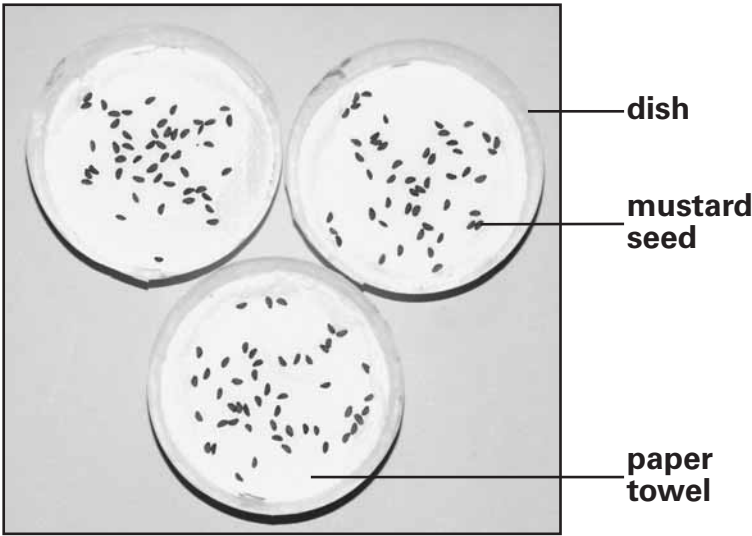


6

Mustard seeds

(a) Evan investigates how temperature affects the germination of mustard seeds.

Evan has three dishes. He puts some paper towel and 40 mustard seeds in each dish.



He puts one dish in a fridge, one dish in a dark shed and the last dish in a cupboard. He waters the seeds regularly.

Describe **TWO** things Evan should keep the same to make sure his test is fair.

1 mark 6ai

1. ....

1 mark 6aii

2. ....

(b) Evan counts the number of germinated seeds in the dishes each day.

Place	Temperature of place	Number of germinated seeds		
		day 1	day 2	day 3
fridge	cold	0	0	0
dark shed	cool	0	12	24
cupboard	warm	0	25	39

How many germinated seeds did Evan count in the dark shed on day 2?

 ..... seeds

6b  
1 mark

(c) Evan concludes: 'My results show that the cupboard was the best place for mustard seeds to germinate.'


Explain how the evidence in the table supports Evan's conclusion.

 .....  
.....

6c  
1 mark

(d) Use the table of results above to answer this question.

Tick **ONE** box after **each** sentence to show if, in Evan's investigation, it is **true**, **false** or you **can't tell**.

 Evan's investigation shows that

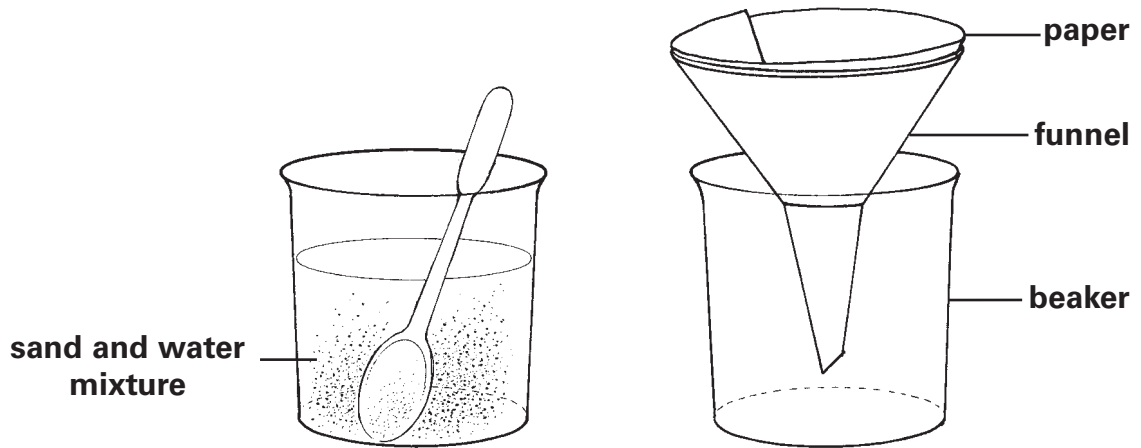
	True	False	Can't tell
the temperature affected...	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
the length of the stem.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
the germination of the seeds.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
the colour of the seeds.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

6d  
1 mark

**7**

**Separating materials**

(a) Hannah mixes sand and water together. The mixture can be separated using the equipment below.



What name is given to this method of separating?

7a  
1 mark

 .....

(b) Explain why sand can be separated from water using this method.

7b  
1 mark

 .....  
.....



(c) Hannah wants to separate some different mixtures.



**sugar and water**





**flour and rice**



**steel nails and brass screws**

Complete the table below to show how Hannah could separate each mixture quickly.

Mixture	Method of separating	How is the mixture separated?
sugar and water	.....evaporation.....	The water <u>evaporates</u> ..... The sugar <u>is left in the dish</u> ...
flour and rice	 .....	The flour ..... ..... The rice ..... .....
steel nails and brass screws	 .....	The steel nails ..... ..... The brass screws ..... .....

7cia  
1 mark

7cib  
1 mark

7ciia  
1 mark

7ciib  
1 mark



## The Earth and light

- (a) Kate and Ashur are finding out about the Earth, Sun and Moon.

They decide to investigate how shadows change at different times of the day. Kate measures the length of Ashur's shadow.

They repeat their test at two other times of the day.



Draw **THREE** lines to match each time of day to the correct length of shadow.

**Time of day**

**Length of shadow**



11am

280cm

12 noon

110cm

5pm

70cm



8a

1 mark

(b)

Tick **ONE** box to show why shadows change length during the day.



The Sun orbits the Earth.

The Earth orbits the Sun.

The Sun goes up in the day and down at night.

The Earth spins on its axis.

8b  
1 mark

(c)

The Moon does not give out light of its own. It reflects light from the Sun.

Tick **ONE** box to show which sentence below is evidence that the Moon does not give out its own light.



The Moon is a sphere but appears to change shape during the month.

The Moon is nearer to the Earth than the Sun.

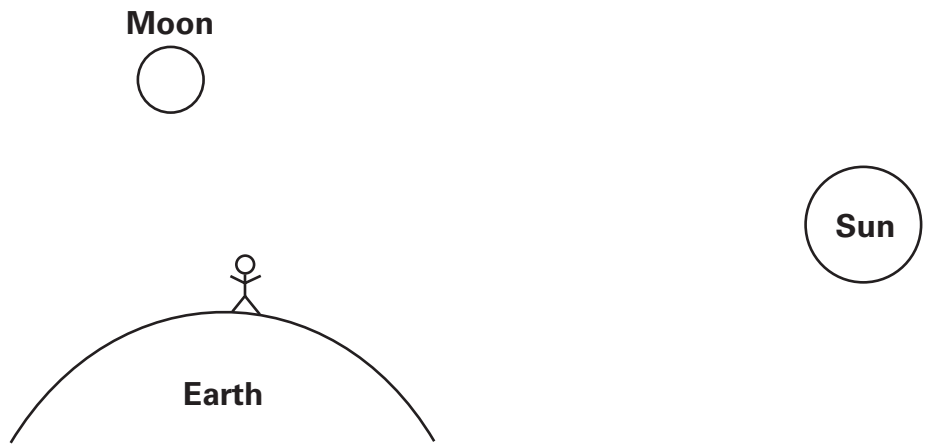
The Moon cannot be seen on cloudy days.

The position of the Moon in the sky changes.

8c  
1 mark

(d)

Draw **TWO** arrows on the diagram below to show the direction the light travels so that a person on the Earth can see the Moon.



8di  
1 mark

8dii  
1 mark

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