Sc Key stage 3 TIER 3–6

Science test Paper 2

Please read this page, but do not open the booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name and the name of your school in the spaces below.

| First name | |
|------------|--|
| Last name | |
| School | |

Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler, protractor and calculator.
- The test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all of the questions.
- The number of marks available for each question is given below the mark boxes in the margin. You should not write in this margin.
- Do not use any rough paper.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

For marker's use only

Total marks

Borderline check

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QCA/04/1209

 (a) Nicola is trying out her new roller blades. Robert is pulling her along with a rope.
 Arrows A, B, C and D show the directions of four forces acting on Nicola.



- (i) Which arrow shows the direction of the force of **gravity** on Nicola? Give the letter.
- (ii) Which arrow shows the direction of the force of the **rope** on Nicola? Give the letter.

1ai

1aii

1 mark

(b) Robert pulls Nicola at a steady speed of 2 metres per second. How far will Nicola travel in 10 seconds?

_____ metres

(c) Nicola lets go of the rope and she slows down. Gravity still acts on Nicola.

Give the name of **one** other force still acting on Nicola after she lets go of the rope.

3



1b

1 mark

1 mark

maximum 4 marks

Total

2. (a) Ahmed bought two sets of lights to put on a tree in his garden. Circuit diagrams for the two sets of lights are shown below.



1 mark

| (b) | Light rays from the bulbs hit the mirror of Ahmed's car. What happened to the light rays when they hit the mirror? | 2b 1 mark |
|-----|--|--------------|
| (c) | The tree has root hairs. What are the functions of root hairs? Tick the two correct boxes. | |
| | They absorb waterThey absorb sunlight.from the soil. | |
| | They produce seeds. They absorb minerals from the soil. Image: Comparison of the soil sector of the soil sector of the sector of th | 2c |
| | They attract bees for pollination. | 2c |

maximum 5 marks

5



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(c) The sensor recordings below show the amount of vibration of the ground at three different places during the jump.



Sensor A was near where pupils jumped





Sensor C was at a place far away from where pupils jumped



Carol said, 'When pupils jump, only the ground nearby will vibrate'.

(i) Describe how the evidence in the recordings supports Carol's idea.

| (ii) | Suggest one reason for the difference between the readings of |
|------|--|
| | sensor A and sensor B . |

maximum 4 marks

1 mark

3ci

3cii

- 4. (a) Reshma had a mixture of iron filings and sand. What could she use to separate the iron filings from the mixture?
 - (b) Reshma put 10 cm³ of water and 2 g of a different solid into each of four test-tubes. She shook each test-tube.
 The drawings show the test-tubes after 10 minutes.



Why can the salt and sugar **no** longer be seen in test-tubes A and C?

4a

1 mark

4b 1 mark (c) Reshma added hydrochloric acid to some pieces of limestone as shown below.



- (i) Look at the diagram above.How can you tell that a gas is given off in this experiment?
- (ii) Reshma passed the gas through limewater. This showed that the gas was carbon dioxide.

9

What happened to the limewater? Tick the correct box.

| It stayed clear. | |
|-------------------|--|
| It turned blue. | |
| It turned cloudy. | |
| It turned red. | |
| | |

4ci

4cii

1 mark



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(b) Which of the four elements is **not** a metal? Tick the correct box.

| copper | |
|---------|--|
| gold | |
| helium | |
| mercury | |

11

maximum 5 marks

5b



6ai

| | (ii) | The fizzy The mass into the a | drink cont s decrease air. | ained sugar, c d because tw | colouring, a gas a o of these substa | nd water. nces were | e lost | | |
|-----|------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------|---------|--------------|
| | | Which tw | /o substar | ces were lost | into the air? | | | | |
| | | 1 | | | | | | | 6aii |
| | | | | | | | | | 1 mark |
| | | 2 | | | | | | | 1 mark |
| (b) | The Wh Tic | e sugar, co nich word o k the corro | blouring ar describes ect box. | id the gas wer the water ? | e all dissolved in | the water. | | | |
| | | | alkali | | indicator | | | | |
| | | | solute | | solvent | | | | 6b 1 mark |
| | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | maximum 4 | l marks | |

13

4

7. Some pupils carried out an investigation to find out whether more sugar or more salt dissolved in water at 60°C.

Here are some of the steps in their investigation. They are **not** in the correct order.



They added salt to one beaker of water at 60°C and sugar to the other beaker of water at 60°C.



They stirred the mixtures.



They recorded their results.



They put 20 cm³ of water at 60°C into two beakers.



They collected this equipment.

(a) Put the letters **A**, **B**, **C**, **D** and **E** in the boxes below to show the correct order of the steps in their investigation.

| 7a 1 mark | | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th | 5th |
|--------------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|----------|-----|-----|
| 7b 1 mark | (b) | Why did they us | e a measuring c | ylinder? | | |
| | | | | | | |

(c) They used water at 60°C in both beakers.

What else did they do to make their investigation fair?

(d) They counted the number of spatulas of sugar or salt added to the water until **no** more would dissolve.



- (i) Why was this **not** an accurate method of measuring how much sugar or salt they added?
- (ii) Suggest a more accurate method of measuring how much sugar or salt they added.

(e) Jane predicted that more sugar than salt would dissolve.

Complete the table to show a result which would support Jane's prediction.

15

| | sugar | salt |
|--------------------|-------|------|
| number of spatulas | 32 | |

maximum 6 marks

6

Total

1 mark

7c

7di

7dii

7e

1 mark

1 mark



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| (c) | Giv | e one way the seal is suited for moving through water. | 80 |
|-----|------------|--|----------------|
| (d) | The | e porcupine has spines. w do the spines help a porcupine to survive? | 1 mark |
| (e) | | winter, the fur of the Arctic hare and the Arctic fox becomes thicker | 1 mark |
| | and (i) | d turns white. How does thick fur help an Arctic hare and an Arctic fox to survive during the winter? | |
| | (ii) | The Arctic fox hunts and eats Arctic hares. How does white fur help Arctic hares to survive in the snow? | 8ei 1 mark |
| | | | 8eii 1 mark |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

17

maximum 6 marks

Total

9. The drawing below shows part of a farmland food web. stoats foxes partridges snails grasshoppers plants not to scale (i) Which living thing in the food web is an insect? (a) 9ai 1 mark (ii) Farmers spray their plants with insecticide to kill insects. Suggest how insecticide on the plants gets into the insects. 9aii 1 mark (b) From the food web above, give the names of **one** predator and its prey. predator _____ 9b prey of this predator _____ 1 mark KS3/04/Sc/Tier 3-6/P2 18 Sourced from SATs-Papers.co.uk

| | | | | | | - |
|--------|-------------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| (c) | Wh Tic | ny are the plants in the k the correct box. | food web calle | ed producers? | | |
| | - i | They lose their leaves in the autumn. | | They make food by photosynthesis. | / | |
| | - | They have very long roots. | | They have very small flowers. | | 9c 1 mark |
| (d) | The out | e drawing below shows twards. | s how partridge | es sit close together a | nd all face | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Giv to s | ve one reason why sitti survive. | ng close toget | her like this helps the | partridges | |
| | | | | | | 9d 1 mark |
| (e) | Pa | rtridges lay their eggs i | n nests on the | ground. | | |
| | (i) | The eggs are the sam Why can this help par | e colour as the tridges to surv | e ground. ⁄ive? | | |
| | | | | | | 9ei 1 mark |
| | (ii) | Why could laying egg | s on the groun | d result in fewer partri | dge chicks? | |
| | | | | | maximum 7 mark | S |
| /04/Sc | /Tier : | 3–6/P2 | 19 | | | Total |



(c) The teacher places a microphone near the pupil as she plays her flute. The diagram below shows the pattern on an oscilloscope screen.



The pupil then plays her flute at a **higher pitch** and **more quietly**. Which diagram below shows the pattern that would be seen on the oscilloscope? Tick the correct box.



21

maximum 5 marks

Total

10c



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Debbie plotted a graph to show how the mass of aluminium rivets affected the distance the cup moved down.



23

12. Some pupils predicted that water will evaporate faster if the surrounding air temperature is higher.

To investigate their prediction they placed some water in containers in two different rooms.

- (a) Give **two** factors they should keep the same to make their investigation fair.
 - 1. ______ 2. _____
- (b) They recorded the mass of the water and the container in room 1 and room 2 every day for 5 days.

The table below shows their results.

| time (days) | mass of water and container (g) | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| | room 1 | room 2 | | |
| 0 | 100 | 100 | | |
| 1 | 92 | 85 | | |
| 2 | 80 | 72 | | |
| 3 | 72 | 54 | | |
| 4 | 60 | 45 | | |
| 5 | 46 | 30 | | |

The data shown in their table is **not** sufficient to test their prediction. Explain why.

12b

They plotted their data for room 2 and attempted to draw a line of best fit.



(c) Describe the mistake they made in drawing the line of best fit.

| | | 1 mark | 12c |
|-----|--|--------|-----|
| (d) | Using the data in the table plot the points for room 1. | 1 mark | 12d |
| (e) | Draw a line of best fit of the points you have drawn. | 1 mark | 12e |
| (f) | In which room did the water evaporate more quickly? Tick one box. room 1 room 2 | | |
| | Use their data to explain your answer. | | |
| | | 1 mark | 12f |
| | maximum 7 marks | Totol | |

25

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13. Hydrochloric acid is a strong acid. Winston used universal indicator solution to find the pH of some (a) hydrochloric acid. (i) Suggest the **colour** of the mixture of universal indicator solution and the hydrochloric acid. 13ai 1 mark (ii) Suggest the **pH** of the hydrochloric acid. 13aii 1 mark (b) Indigestion can be caused when too much hydrochloric acid is produced in the stomach. Magnesium carbonate can be used to treat indigestion. Winston crushed some indigestion tablets containing magnesium carbonate. He added them to hydrochloric acid in a test-tube. The mixture fizzed. hydrochloric acid crushed indigestion tablet The word equation for the reaction is shown below. magnesium + hydrochloric \rightarrow magnesium + carbon + water carbonate acid chloride dioxide (i) Use the word equation to explain why the mixture fizzed when the reaction took place. 13bi 1 mark KS3/04/Sc/Tier 3-6/P2 26

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| | (ii) Wir mix Wh | nston continued to ature stopped fizzin by did the fizzing sto | add crushe g. op? | d tablets to the a | acid until the | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | _ | 13bii 1 mark |
| (c) | When r magne | magnesium carbon sium chloride is for | ate reacts w med. | vith hydrochloric | acid, | | |
| | Which Tick the | two words describ e two correct boxe | e magnesiu s. | m chloride? | | | |
| | | a compound | | a mixture | | | |
| | | an element | | a salt | | | 13c 1 mark |
| | | a metal | | a solvent | | | 13c 1 mark |
| (d) | It is imp neutral | portant that the hyd ised by indigestion | drochloric ao tablets. | cid in the stoma | ch is not completel | y | |
| | Why is | hydrochloric acid ı | needed in th | ne stomach? | | | |
| | | | | | | - | 13d 1 mark |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | maxim | um 7 marks | |
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| ſ | CL | i ne orawino i | neinw snows | TWO SMAIL | nones from | The backbone |
| ١ | σ, | ino arawing i | | two ornan | 501100 11011 | |



Between the small bones there is a material called cartilage. Cartilage is softer than bone. Give **one** advantage of having a softer material between the bones.

(d) The diagram below shows the bones and two muscles of an arm.



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5

14c

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| 15. | In Ja seer for t | anua 1 in t he P | ry 2002, thousands of pupils recorded the numbers of different birds heir gardens in one hour. They sent their results to the Royal Society rotection of Birds who have kept data for many years. | |
|-----|------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------|
| | (a) | Wh | y are the results from this survey more reliable than one person's observation? | 15a |
| | (b) | Puj in J | pils observed birds in their gardens for one hour during the last week January. | 1 mark |
| | | Giv | e two factors which are being controlled in this survey. | 15b |
| | | 1. | | 1 mark |
| | | 2. | | 15b |
| | (c) | Jac | ck's grandad says: Jack says: | |
| | | Jac ide | Think there were more sparrows around when I was your age. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. I can use survey data to find out if your idea is correct. | |
| | | (ii) | What pattern in the survey results would give Jack the evidence that his grandad was correct? | 1 mark 15ci |
| | | | | 1 mark |
| | | | | Total |
| | | (mm) - | | |

16. The diagrams below show six cells.



| | (iii) | Give the function of chloroplasts. | 1 mark |
|--------|-------------|--|------------------|
| | | | 16aiii 1 mark |
| (b) | (i) | Give the letter of the ciliated cell. | 16bi |
| | (ii) | In which part of the body are ciliated cells found? | 1 mark |
| | (iii) | What is the function of ciliated cells in this part of the body? | 1 mark |
| | | | 16biii 1 mark |
| (c) | Giv to o | re the letter of the cell which transfers genetic information from father offspring. | |
| | | | 1 mark |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | maximum 7 mark | s_ |
| /04/Sc | /Tier | 3–6/P2 33 | Total |

17. Until 1781 scientists thought there were only six planets in the solar system. Then a scientist called Herschel looked through a very large telescope that could turn to follow objects in space.

He watched a bright object in the night sky for a few months and made drawings of what he saw. He concluded it was a planet.



(a) What method did Herschel use to discover the new planet? Tick the correct box.

| He carried out practical |
|--------------------------|
| tests in the laboratory. |

He asked scientists' opinions.



He observed the environment.

17a

1 mark

He gathered data from books.

(b) Scientists today use satellites as well as telescopes to observe the universe.

Suggest **one** way that developments in equipment have changed the information scientists collect about planets.

(c) Before 1781, scientists believed there were 6 planets in our solar system. Now scientists believe there are 10 planets.

What do these ideas suggest about our knowledge of our solar system?

(d) What causes scientists to reject an idea and replace it with a new one?



17b

17c

17d

1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

35

END OF TEST